

The Spread of Revolutions

1. The Congress of Vienna
followed the ideas of Metternich.
They decide to restore to power in
European countries the monarchs
that ruled before Napoleon
conquered them.

What would Enlightened thinkers (who agree with Locke, Jefferson, Rousseau, etc.) want to do?

**Revolutions of 1848 in Hungary,
Austria, Italy, France, and
Prussia.**

2. The French people revolted so that
they could have freedom, rights,
and equality. The French owned a
colony in the Caribbean called Haiti.
There they grew cash crops
using the plantation system.

They used slaves from Africa to
do the work. The slaves in the
colony of Haiti knew about the
enlightened ideas that caused
their French owners to revolt. Also,
being a slave is a social injustice.

Knowing what they knew, what would
the slaves want to do?

**Toussaint L'Ouverture led a
slave rebellion**

3. In England, America, and across Europe people were revolting for rights. In Latin America, the Spanish had created a rigid class system and rule by dictators.

A rigid class system is a social injustice. Rule by dictators can be an unpopular method of rule.

What do you think the people of Latin America would want to do?

Bolivar led Latin American Revolutions against Spain

4. What do you call someone that loves his or her people and wants them to be strong and independent?
nationalist
5. Someone who does not want change and prefers monarchs was known as a conservative.
6. Someone who is in favor of change and prefers democracy was known as a liberal.
7. The word revolution means a major change.

Name	Liberal?	Conservative?	Why?
Metternich		X	Wanted kings
Nationalists that led the Revolutions of 1848	X		Revolted for democracy
Toussaint L'Ouverture	X		"
Bolivar	X		"
Locke	X		Wanted democracy
Parliament	X		Suffrage, end slavery
Hobbes		X	Wanted kings
Charles I		X	"

